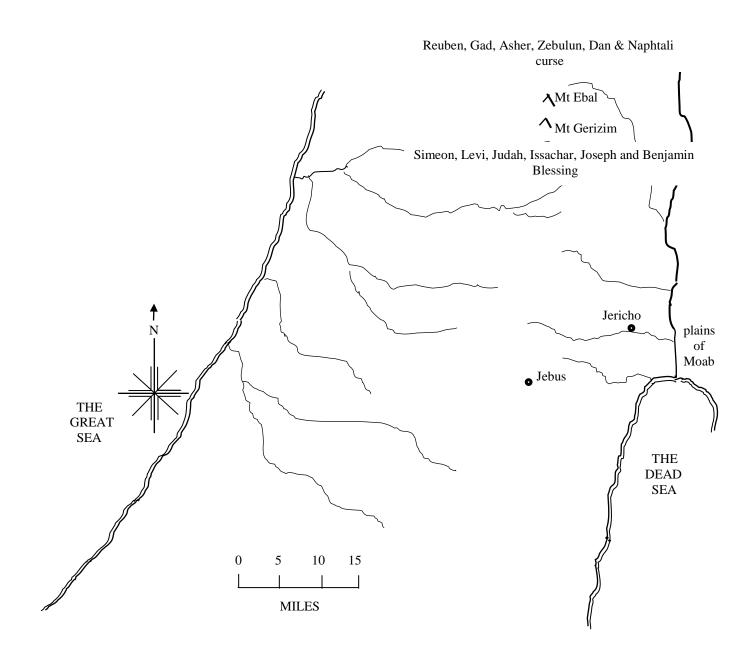
to the churches of Galatia

#5, a curse, Gal 3:10-14

Just prior to entering the "promised land", the children of Israel camped on the plains of Moab, just opposite Jericho. From Deuteronomy we read that Moses instructed them on what they were to do when they crossed the Jordan. They were to place large stones on Mt. Ebal. After covering them with lime they were to write the whole law on them. Half the tribes were then to stand on Mt Ebal and half on Mt. Garizim. From Mt. Garizim the Levites shouted a curse for breaking one of the laws and so on. At the completion of this part of the ceremony it was stated, Deut 27:26, Cursed is he who does not confirm the words of this law by doing them. And all the people shall say, Amen.



to the churches of Galatia

#5, a curse, Gal 3:10-14

| 10 For as many as are of the works of the Law are under a curse; for it is written, "CURSED IS EVERYONE WHO DOES NOT ABIDE BY ALL THINGS WRITTEN IN THE BOOK OF THE LAW, TO PERFORM THEM." | [1.] v:10-11, ABIDE BY ALL THINGS WRITTEN, Why is anyone who seeks righteousness by keeping the law, "skating on thin ice"? |
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| curse, to invoke evil upon or denounce | [2.] v:10-11, ALL, James 2:10 is about a person who is disobedient to just one of the laws. From the list below, choose that which best describes the person's guilt. a) God over looks it if they didn't know or forgot. b) Cursed for only the particular law they broke. c) As long as they obey the big ones they're OK. d) Guilty of all the law. [3.] questions [1.] & [2.], Some teach that the law is divided into the ceremonial ones and the pertinent ones. Why is or why isn't this correct? |
| 11 Now that no one is justified by the Law before God is evident; for, "THE RIGHTEOUS MAN SHALL LIVE BY FAITH." | [4.] v:11, justified by the Law, Considering all the folks who are trying to be justified by the law, how many will be successful? |
| | [5.] v:11 again, Many have looked for and failed in becoming righteous by the law. From the list below, choose that which will <u>not</u> help. |
| | a) Just do that which their teachers tell them to do. |
| | b) The men are not to shave their beards. |
| | c) Be a really good person. |

12 However, the Law is not of faith; on the [6.] v:12, the Law is not of faith; Having just contrary, "HE WHO PRACTICES THEM SHALL LIVE BY read (v:11) that the righteous live by faith, why is THEM. " or why isn't it a good idea to give the law a shot anyway? [7.] v:12 again, on the contrary, Jot down the meaning of this phrase. [8.] OK be honest now. Write down why it seems more satisfying to our flesh to do the works of the law, rather then to live by faith. Something to think about. [9.] It's been said by certain folks that in the fourteen & fifteen hundreds a large denomination changed God's word so that what we read in our Bibles is not accurate. If God couldn't protect His Word, what does that say about the power of God? [10.] question [9.] Why, do you think, would these folks latch on to this bit of nonsense? 13 Christ redeemed us from the curse of the Law, [11.] v:13, redeemed, This is a compound word having become a curse for us - for it is written, meaning from or out of and to ransom or to rescue. "CURSED IS EVERYONE WHO HANGS ON A TREE" - 14 in order that in Christ Jesus the blessing of Abraham Strong's Numbers and Concordance might come to the Gentiles, so that we would receive the promise of the Spirit through faith. Write down how it is applied to Christians.

[12.] v:13 again, Christ redeemed us from the curse of the Law, Back again to the plains of Moab. Moses (Deut 21:22-23) gave instructions for the death penalty. Scripture proves that Christ did not sin. So for whose violation, of the law, was he executed? Now looking at v:14 with v:13. Christ redeemed us from the curse of the Law, having become a curse for us - for it is written, "CURSED IS EVERYONE WHO HANGS ON A TREE" - 14 in order that in Christ Jesus the blessing of Abraham might come to the Gentiles, so that we would receive the promise of the Spirit through faith. [13.] v:14, in Christ Jesus, Looking back to Gal 2:16 & 20, we see this description, or its variation, used about four times. The 1st one is given, go ahead and jot down the rest. 1) 2:16, justified, through faith in Christ Jesus, 2) 2:16, 3) 2:16, 4) 2:20, [14.] Eph 2:13-16, the enmity, From the These verses describe how both Jews and Gentiles following, choose the best description of putting to were reconciled to God. death the enmity. Eph 2:13-16, But now in Christ Jesus you who a) Making Jews and Gentiles friends. formerly were far off have been brought near by the blood of Christ. 14 For He Himself is our b) Settling the difference between Rome and peace, who made both groups into one and broke down the barrier of the dividing wall, 15 by Israel. abolishing in His flesh the enmity, which is the Law of commandments contained in ordinances, so c) Abolishing the law of commandments in that in Himself He might make the two into one new ordinances. man, thus establishing peace, 16 and might reconcile them both in one body to God through the d) None of the above. The Jews were never cross, by it having put to death the enmity. enemies of God.

| Rom 3:21-22, But now apart from the Law the righteousness of God has been manifested, being witnessed by the Law and the Prophets, 22 even the righteousness of God <u>through faith in Jesus Christ</u> for all those who believe; for there is no distinction; | [15.] Rom 3:21-22, now apart from the Law, OK, we saw how, by faith in Christ, both Jews and Gentiles went from being enemies to being reconciled. From these verses what does faith in Christ provide for those who have been reconciled? |
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| Back to Gal 3:14 in order that <u>in Christ Jesus</u> the <u>blessing of Abraham</u> might come to the Gentiles, so that we would receive the promise of the Spirit through faith. | [16.] We have already discussed <u>the blessing of</u> <u>Abraham</u> in lesson #4, question [14.]. From the following choose the best description of this blessing. |
| | a) The land of Israel. |
| | b) A very large family. |
| | c) Declared righteous by his faith. |
| | d) Meeting Melchizedek. |
| | [17.] Look at Hebrews 10: 1-4. If it was it really important that Christ needed to die for Jews and Gentiles, why was it important? |
| | [18.] In conclusion, How was the curse of Gal 3:10 removed? |
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